Badische Landesbibliothek Karlsruhe

Digitale Sammlung der Badischen Landesbibliothek Karlsruhe

Illustrations of northern antiquities, from the earlier Teutonic and Scandinavian romances

Weber, Henry William Edinburgh [u.a.], 1814

Grotta Savngr, an eddic lay of pagan times

urn:nbn:de:bsz:31-161450

Grotta Sabngr,

AN EDDIC LAY OF PAGAN TIMES.

This wild and extraordinary romance of early Pagan times in the North has hitherto been little, if at all, known in this country. In 1794, it was printed at Copenhagen, with translations in Latin and Danish; but it was never published, and is in few hands. Two copies of it in Icelandic were brought to Edinburgh, in MS., last year, by Mr F. Magnusen, from Island, and are now here, along with all the other unpublished Eddic remains; of which advantage should have been taken in the course of this work, had not my part of it been nearly printed off two years ago, before I had access to them.

It is not very easy to conjecture why this very curious piece should have been rejected, or rather so long neglected, by Sandvig, and the Arna-Magnean editors of the Edda of Sæmund. It is found in all the MS. copies of that collection, except the parchment one in the king's library at Copenhagen; and has this peculiarity in its favour, that it is the only one of all the Sæmund lays which is found entire in the Edda of Snorro; a proof, if not of its superior antiquity, at least or the esteem in which it was held by Snorro. Had it no other merit, however, its having survived so many changes of religion, manners, language, and government, during eleven centuries, surely entitles it to some notice. The prose translation here given, is intended merely to make the original more intelligible. The tale is thus introduced in the Edda:

* Not that published by Resenius, but Oluf Orm's copy, a transcript of which is now in this country.

Formali til Grotta Sabngs,

PREFACE TO THE QUERN-SONG.

"GOLD is called (by the poets) the meal of Frothi; the origin of which is found in this story. Odin had a son called Skiöldr, (from whom the Skiöldvngar are descended) who settled and reigned in the land which is now called Danmaurk, but was then called Gotland. Skiöldr had a son named Frithleif, who reigned after him. Frithleif's son was called Frothi, and succeeded him on the throne. At the time that the Emperor Augustus made peace over the whole world, Christ was born. But as Frothi was the most powerful of all the monarchs of the North, that peace, wherever the Danish language was spoken, was imputed to him; and the North-men called it Frothi's peace.

" At this time no man hurt another, even if he found the murderer of his father or brother, loose or bound. Theft and robbery were then unknown, insomuch that a gold ring (armlet) a lay for a long time untouched in Jalangursheath.

" Frothi chanced to go on a friendly visit to a certain king in Sweden, named Fiölnir; and there purchased two female slaves, called Fenia and Menia, equally distinguished for their stature and strength. In those days there were found in Danmaurk two Quernstones of such a size, that no one was able to move them; and these mill-stones were endued with such virtue, that the Quern in grinding produced what-

^{*} The point of honour, which obliged every North-man in those days, as an indispensable duty of piety, to revenge the death of a relative, makes a striking feature in the Danish ballads, as it does in the manners of many nations at this day.

³ These rings were often of great weight and value. See Note on Rigs-mal.

ever the grinder wished for. The quern was called Grotti; he who presented this quern to Frothi was called Hengikiöptr (hanging chops.) The king caused these slaves to be brought to the quern, and ordered them to grind gold, peace, and prosperity for Frothi, allowing them no longer rest or sleep than while the cuckow was silent," or a verse could be recited. Then they are said to have sung the lay which is called GROTTA-SAVNGR; and before they ended their song, to have ground a hostile army against Frothi, insomuch, that a certain sea-king, (pirate) called Mysingr, arriving the same night, slew Frothi, taking great spoil, and so ended Frothi's Peace. Mysingr took with him the Quern Grotti, with Fenia and Menia, and ordered them to grind salt. About midnight they asked Mysingr whether he had salt enough? On his ordering them to go on grinding, they went on a little longer, till the ship sunk under the weight of the salt. A whirlpool was produced where the waves are sucked up by the milleye, and the waters of the sea have been salt ever since !"

Such is the Eddic prose account of this extraordinary adventure. Had the learned Bishop of Drontheim, Eric Pontoppidan, been acquainted with it, it might have helped him wonderfully in accounting for the Möl-strom off the coast of Norway, which has puzzled and terrified so many men as well as monsters.³

* I take this to be an old Gothic name for a mill of any kind, perhaps from the grey stone used for mill-stones; hence the Gaêlic grattan, meal ground on a mullin-grattan, or hand-mill; the Scotish, groats; Eng. grits; Germ. grout; Dan. grytte, to grind; and the Swedish, gröt, in Scotish, crowdy.

² Even in the north of Scotland, about Midsummer, when the weather is fine, as it generally is at that time, there is so little darkness during the night, that the morning and evening twilights almost melt into each other: the cuckow calls through the whole night, and the lark and thrush are silent but a very short space.

3 This is not meant as a sneer at that venerable prelate, whose life, as well as his learning, were an ornament to his country, and to the age in which he lived.

[437]

GROTTA-SAVNGR;

THE

QUERN SONG.

Fenia and Menia.

Nv erom komnar til konvngs hvsa framvisar tvær fenia oc menia. thær ro at frótha frithleifs sonar måtkar meyiar at mani hafthar.

Thær at lythri
leiddar varo
oc griótz gria
gángs of beiddo.
het hann hvarigri
hvild ne yndi
áthr han heyrthi
hlióm ambátta.

Thær thyt thvlo thavgn horvinnar, "Now are we come
to the king's house,
two fore-seers,
Fenia and Menia."
These were at Frotha's [house,]
Frithleif's son,
(mighty maidens)
held as thralls.

They to the Quern [eye] were led, and the grey millstone were bid set a-going. He promised to neither rest nor relief, ere he heard the maidens' lay.

They made to rumble, ceasing silence,

leggiom lythyr lettom steinom. bath hann enn meyiar at thær mala sklydo

Svngo oc slvngo snvthga steini sva at frótha man flest sofnathi. thá qvath that menia var til meldz komin.

Avth mölom frótha mölom alsælann fiöld fiár á fegins lythri

Siti hann á avthi
sofi hann á dvni
vaki hann at vilia
thá er vel malit,
her skyli engi
avthrom granda
til bavls bva
ne til bana orka
ne höggva thví
hvavsso sverthi
thó at bana bróthvr
bvndinn finni.

En han qvath ecki orth it fyrra. sofit ei thit ne of sal gavkar with their arms, the Quern's light stones. He bade again the maidens, that they should grind.

They sang, and whirled the grumbling stone, so that Frothi's folk mostly slept. Then thus sang Menia, who had come to the grinding:

Menia.

"Let us grind riches to Frothi! Let us grind him happy in plenty of substance, on our gladdening Quern.

"Let him brood over treasures!
Let him sleep on down!
Let him wake to his will!
There is well ground!
Here shall no one
hurt another,
to plot mischief,
or to work bane (death,)
nor strike therefore
with sharp sword,
though his brother's murderer
bound he found."

23oth.

"But he spake no word before this: Sleep not ye, nor the cuckows without, etha lengvr enn sva lióth eitt quethac.

longer than while I sing one strain."

Fenia.

Varratty fróthi fyllspakr of thic málvinr manna er thu man keyptir. kavss thu at afli oc at álitom en at æterni ecki spyrthir.

" Thou wast not, Frothi, sufficiently provident, [tho'] persuasively eloquent, when thou boughtest slaves. Thou boughtest for strength, and for outward looks; but of their ancestry didst nothing ask."

Menia.

Harthr var harvngnir oc hans fathir. thó var thiassi theim avflgari. ithi oc avrnir okrir nithiar bræthyr bergrisa theim erom bornar.

" Hardy was Hrungnir and his father; yet was Thiassi stouter than they. Ithi and Arnir our relations, mountain ettin's brethren,of them are we born."

Fenia.

Komia grotti or gria fialli ne sá hinn harthi hallr or iörtho. ne moli sva mær bergrisa ef vissi ótt vætvr til hennar. " The Quern had not come from the grey fell, nor thus the hard stone from the earth, nor thus had ground the mountain-ettin maiden, if her race known had not been to her."

menia.

Vær vetor nio vorom leikor

" We nine winters, playful wierd-women,

avflgar alnar for iorth nethan. stótho meyiar at meginverkom færthóm siálfar setberg or stath.

Velltom grióti of garth risa sva at fold fyrir för skiálfandi. sva slavngdom vith snythga steini hafga halli

at halir tóco.

En vith sithan à svithiótho framvísar tvær i fölk stigom bræddom biörno en brvtom skiöltho gengom i gegnom gráserkiat lith.

Steyptom stilli stvddom annann veittom góthom gvttormi lith. vara kyrrseta úthvr knvi felli.

Fram heldom thví thav misseri at vith at kavppom were reared to strength,
under the earth.
We maidens stood
to our great work;
we ourselves moved
the set mountain from its place.

We whirled the Quern at the giant's house, so that the earth therewith quaked. So swung we the whirling stone, the heavy rock, that the subterraneans heard it."

Fenia.

"But we since then,
in Sweden,
two fore-seers,
have fought.
We have fed bears,
and cleft shields;
encountered
grey-shirted (mailed) men.

We've cast down one prince; stayed up another.

We gave the good (brave)
Guttormi help.
Unstably we sat
Till the heroes fell.

Forward held we these six months [so] that we in conflicts

kendar voro, thar skortho vith skavrpom geirom blóth or beniom oc brand rythom, were known.

There scored we with sharp spears blood from wounds, and reddened brands.

441

Nv erom komnar til konvngs hvsa miskvnnlavsar oc at mani hafthar.

Now are we come to the King's house, unpitied, and held as thralls.

avrr etr iliar en ofan kvldi drögum dólgs slötvi dapvrt er at frótha. The earth bites our feet beneath, and the cold above; we drive an enemy's Quern; sad is it at Frothi's [house]!

Hendor skylo hvílaz hallr standa myn malit hefi ec fyri mik, mit ofleiti. Hands shall rest; the stone must stand; I've ground for my part with diligence."

menia.

nv mvna havndom hvíld vel gefa áthvr fvllmalit frótha thycki. "Now must not to hands rest well be given, till enough ground Frothi thinks.

Hendor skylo havlda harthra triónor vapn valdreyryg-

Hands of men shall harden (temper) swords, blood-dropping weapons."

Fenia.

vaki thv fróthi. vaki thv fróthi ef thv hlytha vill " Awake thou, Frothi!
Awake thou, Frothi!
If thou wilt listen to
3 K

savngom ockrom oc savgom fornom.

our song, and prophetic sayings.

Eld se ec brenna fyrir avstan borg. vígspiavll vaka that mvn viti kallathr. mvn herr koma hinnig at bragthi oc brenna bæ fyri bvthlvngi.

I see fire burn
east of the town;
the war heralds wake;
it must be called the beacon.
An army must come
hither forthwith,
and burn the town
for the prince.

Mvnnatv halda hleithrar stóli ravthom hríngom ne regingrióti. tavkom á mavndli mær skarpara. eroma vafnar í valdreyra. Thou must no more hold the throne of state, nor red rings, nor stone (royal) edifice. Let us drive the Quern, maiden, more sharply! We shall not be armed in the bloody fray."

Menia.

Mól míns favthvr mær ramliga thvíat hon feigth fíra fiölmargra sá, stvkko stórar stethor frá lvthri iárnar fiarthar, mölom enn framarr. "My father's daughter ground more furiously, because the near deaths she of many men saw.

Wide sprung the large prop (from the quern-eye) of iron to a distance.—

Yet let us grind on i"

ffenia.

"Yet let us grind on! Yrsu's son must with the Kalfdani revenge Forthi.

Mölom enn framarr mon yrsv sonr nith hálfdana hefna frótha.

sa mvn hennar heitinn vertha bvrr oc bróthir. vitom báthar that. So must he of his [mother] be called son and brother :we both know that."

Both.

Mólo meyiar megins kostotho voro vngar i iötvnmóthi. skylfo skaptre skavtz lythr ofan hravt hinn havfgi hallr syndyr í tvav.

En bergrisa brythyr orth vm qvath. malit havfom fróthi senn mvnom hætta. hafa fyllstathit flióth at meldri.

The maidens ground, and bestowed their strength. The young women were in ettin mood. The spindle flew wide; the hopper fell off; burst the heavy nether millstone in two!

But the mountain giantess woman these words said: "We have ground, Forthi! Now must we finish. Full long stood we maidens at the grinding."